

## MONEY FOR KATANGA

AMERICAN FRIENDS OF KATANGA is making no appeal in this newsletter for funds for its own operations, although we scarcely have enough to pay postage on our mail. The need of the Government of President Tshombe for funds is so urgent that we are instead asking all members to send at least one dollar directly to the Katangan Minister of Finance, J.-B. Kibwe, Elizabethville, Katanga. In this connection it is of the utmost importance that all envelopes destined for Katanga be clearly marked "VIA BRUSSELS;" otherwise they may be routed through Léopoldville, where they will be confiscated.

Much is written in the American press about "mercenaries" serving in the Katangan military forces. Nothing could be more ludicrous. Katanga is scraping the bottom of the barrel to buy equipment and arms to beat off a modern, military invasion by the United Nations, and has no money to pay for anything else. No matter what you read in the papers, no European personnel serving Katanga (and they are pitifully few) are receiving any pay from the Tshombe Government. Katanga maintains an information service in New York which has a staff totalling three persons. It can hardly meet the office rent. The population of the country is relatively small - about two million. And although there is excellent potential for building a substantial economy, nothing can be done about this until the United Nations calls off the dogs. Meantime the majority of the people ~~are~~ live in the ancient ways off the land and rarely see any cash, much less pay any substantial taxes. Meantime, we who live in New York are only too well aware of the luxurious living conditions of the representatives of the Léopoldville "government." They often stay at

posh hotels (e.g. the Waldorf-Towers), they are seen in the finest  
they buzz about town in air-conditioned Cadillacs  
restaurants, and they are feted everywhere by the rich of Liberaldom.  
Obviously their money is coming from somewhere beyond the borders  
of the Congo.

In view of the burst of thoughtless sentimentality on the  
part of a California housewife who recently enjoyed headline space  
in The New York Times and elsewhere, by contributing \$1,000 to the  
United Nations, and more especially in view of the rifling of  
UNICEF funds (which are supposed to be used for feeding the hungry  
children of the world) by the General Assembly to pay for the  
continuing slaughter of Katangans, we feel that it would be a solid  
answer to these outrages for AMERICAN FRIENDS OF KATANGA to contri-  
bute at least \$1,000 to the Katangan treasury. Therefore we urge  
you; nay, we beg you, to send at least one dollar to Elizabeth-  
ville, VIA BRUSSELS;

## KATANGA STICKERS

We enclose with this issue of our newsletter a sample of a sticker which we have prepared for use on letters, bills, and other communications and which we commend to the entire membership. Many organizations have adopted the use of similar stickers with great effect, and we hope that our membership will be amenable to the idea. Frankly, we also hope to make a small profit for the organization on these stickers which will help defray the cost of at least one of our expenditures. We are offering them at one dollar for a sheet of twenty-four. Please address your orders for stickers to the Executive Secretary, American Friends of Katanga, at our New York Office.

## REPRINTS OF SPEECHES

We urge the membership to obtain and distribute copies of speeches, especially in Congress, of defenders of Katangan freedom. The leading members of Congress who have ~~also~~ spoken out on this subject are Senator Thomas J. Dodd of Connecticut and Representative Donald C. Bruce of Indiana. Copies may be obtained by writing to these Members of Congress in Washington.

## A NETWORK OF CHAPTERS

The possibilities of really effective action by AMERICAN FRIENDS OF KATANGA working through a system of chapters located all over the country are almost illimitable. Other conservative organizations have already shown the usefulness of this method, as indeed have many Liberal ~~xxxxx~~ groups.

It is particularly important to inaugurate chapters at the colleges and universities, where enthusiasm for the conservative revival is running especially high. Regular community chapters are also, of course, very effective. Those of our members who wish to do so are authorized by the New York office to establish chapters as they see fit, subject to reasonable conformance with the aims of the organization as a whole. We should like such chapters to submit to us a list of members' names and addresses, and those of the officers of the chapter. There will normally be a President or Chairman, Vice President or Vice Chairman, and a Secretary-Treasurer.

The New York office does not envision a rigid hierarchical pyramid, and will not require set dues from members. However, since money is, to a large degree, power in an organization like ours, we should be very glad if new chapters would resolve to contribute, say, one dollar per member per month. The Secretary-Treasurer could collect this money, pay the chapter's obligations with it, and forward the remainder, if any, to the

New York Office, or, in line with our plea for funds for the Katangan Treasury elsewhere in this newsletter, the chapter might send money directly to Katanga.

Chapters, although ~~required~~ expected to keep the New York office informed of their activities, would be quite free to undertake any activities, such as lectures, demonstrations, or other work, so long as it did not interfere seriously with the co-ordinated work of the organization as a whole or did not conflict with the aims of our group.

We welcome the formation of chapters, then, and remain at all times open to construction suggestions from both chapters and individual members.

AMERICAN FRIENDS OF KATANGA is preparing a general informational paper on Katanga, since we are acutely aware of the urgent need for background among Americans concerned with the plight of this beleaguered land. However, until that paper can be prepared, and because many inquiries have been received about other groups working for Katangan freedom, we list below several addresses which may be useful.

Monsieur Michel Struelens  
Katanga Information Services  
609 Fifth Avenue  
New York 17, New York  
PLaza 5-9895

(An official representative. Earnest hardworking office, with staff of three and almost no money.)

Les Amitiés Katangaises  
Monsieur M. Timmermans, Admin.  
57, rue de la Madeleine  
Brussels, Belgium

(Organization similar to AFK. Letters may be in English. Publishes monthly review, KATANGA, in French.)

L'Écho du Katanga  
Albert Decoster, Editor  
Brussels Edition  
61, avenue Brugmann  
Brussels, Belgium

(French-language newspaper published daily in É-ville, weekly in Brussels.)

A recent issue of L'ÉCHO DU KATANGA contained an announcement that a library on Katangan affairs was being formed by Monsieur M. Bernard, La Maison Katangaise, 74, rue de Namur, Louvain, Belgium. He asked for books, magazine articles, etc., - and money. We recommend assistance to M. Bernard. Letters may be in English.

On the language problem, it may be generally stated that all communications may be sent in English. Since nearly all educated Belgians have learned English as well as the two languages of Belgium, the reply will probably arrive in English as well. This also applies to letters sent to Katanga itself.

Encouraging letters to President Tshombe would also be welcome, but they should make it clear that no reply is expected. Please see our newsletter plea for funds for the Katangan Treasury. In all cases, when communicating with anyone in Katanga, it is essential to mark the envelopes clearly "VIA BRUSSELS," so that they will not be routed through Léopoldville, where they will be confiscated.

# AMERICAN FRIENDS OF KATANGA

ROOM 1012

• 175 FIFTH AVENUE

• NEW YORK 10, N. Y.

## Organizing Committee:

SAMUEL L. BLUMENFELD  
Chairman  
WATSON WASHBURN  
NEIL MCCAFFREY  
REV. CHARLES E. PONT  
CLIFFORD FORSTER

Dear Friend:

A group of us, concerned about our government's disastrous policy toward Katanga and the prospects of a communist takeover of central Africa with the active help of the Soviet-dominated UN, recently formed a committee of AMERICAN FRIENDS OF KATANGA. Our purpose was to rally public opinion against our government's sanctioning and participation in a UN war against Katanga. However, our worst dreads have become realities, and all of us watched with horror as the UN -- logistically and financially supported by our taxes -- bombed and strafed hospitals and schools, churches and homes, killing and maiming innocent women and children whose sole crime was the desire to be free.

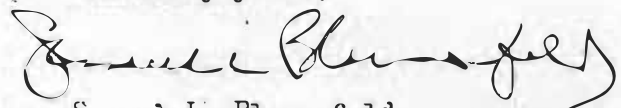
Because of our country's complicity in this immoral and ignoble action, we have lost the confidence of the most courageous anti-communists in all Africa. Had we Americans been better prepared for the events that were to come, we might have been able to veto them by a mass protest to our leaders.

Therefore, because we know of the terrible dangers that lie ahead, we have decided to consolidate and enlarge our organization so that, as individuals, we shall be better prepared to exert pressure when the occasion demands it.

Our purpose will be to keep the American public informed of the complicated events in central Africa and to lend moral support to the Katangans in their gallant and continued efforts to resist the encroachments of communism. We shall also dedicate ourselves to reconstructing friendly relations between the people of Katanga and ourselves. In addition, we shall watch carefully our country's further participation in the actions of the UN and alert our fellow citizens to the great dangers therein. Already, the UN is being groomed to fight new wars against anti-communists in different parts of the world. The coming two years will probably be the most dangerous ones in all our history. Only by organizing into a potent group will our individual voices have any effect on public opinion and, thereby, on our leaders.

If you can, please join us by filling in the blank below and mail it to the address above.

Sincerely yours,



Samuel L. Blumenfeld  
Chairman of the Organizing Committee

---

I shall be glad to join the AMERICAN FRIENDS OF KATANGA

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_ Phone \_\_\_\_\_

City \_\_\_\_\_ Zone \_\_\_\_\_ State \_\_\_\_\_

AMERICAN FRIENDS OF KATANGA

Room 1012

175 Fifth Avenue  
New York 10, N. Y.

Dear Friend:

Thank you for your inquiry about the AMERICAN FRIENDS OF KATANGA. The purpose of our organization will be to try to influence our government to reverse its disastrous unfriendly policy toward Katanga. The left-wing enemies of Katanga have committed themselves to the total destruction of that free, self-supporting and fiercely anti-communist state in the heart of Africa. Their reasons are obvious: Katanga is the living proof that Europeans and Africans can work together on a basis of mutual self-respect. Katanga is also an African state that believes in free-enterprise, the basic rights of the individual, and the sanctity of private property. Moreover, Katanga has not asked for a handout from the American taxpayer. This, in the eyes of the communists, might serve as too strong an example for the other ex-colonies.

In addition, Katanga has 70% of the world's cobalt resources; and how much better can the communists cripple the West's nuclear defense than by depriving us of the essential raw materials? What it means, finally, is that the communists will not rest until they have conquered Katanga, and they are using the U.N.--the Trojan horse of our time--as the best-suited instrument by which to accomplish this.

It will be our job to get American public opinion solidly behind the best potential ally we have in Africa. Our State Department, which has misled us time and time again, is basically in sympathy with the UN's objectives. We, the people of this country, must make it plain to the Administration that we are against the UN's policy to destroy Katanga and protest our government's complicity in this policy.

How can we do this? There are many ways. Individually, we can write to President Kennedy, Adlai Stevenson, G. Mennen Williams, Secretary of State Dean Rusk and our Congressmen. We can and should also write to our local newspapers as well as to such national magazines as Life, Look, Time or Newsweek whenever they carry articles lauding the UN for its glorious work in the Congo. The organs of the press must feel the pressure of our indignation. We should always threaten to cancel our subscriptions if the newspapers or magazines to which we subscribe fail to report the news objectively.


As a group there are many other things we can do. We can take ads in the major newspapers; we can hold public forums; we can distribute literature. But all of this takes money. Each one of us is forced by way of taxation to support financially the work of the State Department and the UN; but the only way we can sponsor really effective anti-Communist work is by voluntary contribution. Therefore, I appeal to you to contribute whatever you can to our working fund. I agree with you that if our government was doing the job, we would not have to do it ourselves. But this is the tragedy of our nation and our time.

Our first project is underway. We are preparing a monthly Newsletter, the first issue of which will be sent to you as soon as it is ready. This Newsletter will be distributed as widely as resources permit. There are other projects that can be initiated. And here is where you come in. Most of you have asked what can you do to help. I have provided some of the answers. The rest must come from you. What the organizing committee has done is simply provide the instrument through which we, as individual citizens, can act and be heard. In order for each one of us to be able to do what he thinks he can do best, I am enclosing a questionnaire which I hope you will fill in and send back to me. It will enable us to work more effectively.

Organizing Committee:

Mr. Watson Washburn  
Mr. Neil McCaffrey  
Rev. Charles E. Pont  
Mr. Clifford Forster

Sincerely yours,



Samuel L. Blumenfeld  
Chairman of the Organizing Committee



AMERICAN FRIENDS OF KATANGA

Room 1012  
175 Fifth Avenue  
New York 10, N. Y.

Dear Friend:

Thank you for joining the AMERICAN FRIENDS OF KATANGA. As you know, the left-wing enemies of Katanga have not yet given up the hope of destroying that free, self-supporting and fiercely anti-Communist state in the heart of Africa. In fact, they are planning new aggression with the cooperation of the UN--the Trojan horse--in order to destroy any and all obstacles to a Communist takeover. You can be sure that the Communists will not rest until they have destroyed Katanga.

It will be our job to get American public opinion solidly behind our best potential ally in Africa, so that, even if Katanga is destroyed, it will not have been with America's help. Our State Department, which so criminally misled us to accept Castro as an agrarian reformer, is basically in sympathy with the UN's objectives. We, the people of this country, must make it plain to the Administration that we are against the UN's policy to destroy Katanga.

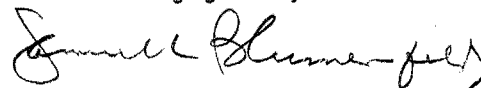
How can we do this? There are many ways. Individually, we can write to President Kennedy, Adlai Stevenson, G. Mennen Williams, Secretary of State Dean Rusk and our Congressmen. We can and should also write to our local newspapers as well as to such national magazines as Life, Look, Time or Newsweek whenever they carry articles lauding the UN for its glorious work in the Congo. The organs of the press must feel the pressure of our indignation. We should always threaten to cancel our subscriptions if the newspapers or magazines to which we subscribe fail to report the news objectively.

As a group there are many other things we can do. We can take ads in the major newspapers; we can hold public forums; we can distribute literature. But all of this takes money. Each one of us is forced by way of taxation to support financially the work of the State Department and the UN; but the only way we can sponsor really effective anti-Communist work is by voluntary contribution. Therefore, I appeal to you to contribute whatever you can to our working fund. I agree with you that if our government was doing the job, we would not have to do it ourselves. But this is the tragedy of our nation and our time.

Our first project is already underway. We are preparing a monthly Newsletter, the first issue of which will be sent to you as soon as it is ready. This Newsletter will be distributed as widely as our resources permit. An experienced writer has agreed to edit the publication. Like all of us, he is contributing his time and talent without compensation. In order for each one of us to be able to do what he thinks he can do best in an organization of this kind, I am enclosing a questionnaire which I hope you will fill in and send back to me. It will enable us to work more effectively.

I welcome your suggestions and letters, so please do not hesitate to write when you want to.

Sincerely yours,



Samuel L. Blumenfeld  
Chairman of the Organizing Committee

Members of the Organizing  
Committee:

Mr. Watson Washburn  
Mr. Neil McCaffrey  
Rev. Charles E. Pont  
Mr. Clifford Forster

October 26, 1961

Hon. Edward S. Crocker  
580 Park Avenue  
New York 21, N. Y.

Dear Mr. Ambassador:

I would like to thank you and Mrs. Crocker, on behalf of the organizing committee of the American Friends of Katanga, for joining our group and sending your generous contribution.

Our group now numbers over fifty persons and the list grows longer each day as responses to our letters come in.

When our organization is a little further along we shall hold a meeting for those in the New York area, and I hope then to have the pleasure of meeting you and Mrs. Crocker.

Cordially,

Samuel L. Blumenfeld  
Chairman of the Organizing Committee  
American Friends of Katanga  
Room 1012, 175 Fifth Avenue, New York City

SB/hs

October 26, 1961

Mr. Charles Fox  
Director  
Students Associated Against Totalitarianism  
P. O. Box 784  
Berkeley 1, California

Dear Mr. Fox:

Many thanks for joining American Friends of Katanga and sending along your bountiful list of names.

We would heartily welcome your additional list of a thousand West Coast conservatives. Such a list would permit us, for the first time, to contact people directly on the West Coast and enable us to establish a working relationship between conservatives at both ends of our country. Naturally, we can reciprocate by providing you with a similar list from the East Coast. The time has come when conservatives should start coordinating their activities whenever possible.

Incidentally, how do you feel about a possible National Conservative Organization, organized along the lines of a national political party, but operating within the Republican Party? I would be willing to bet that conservatives, organized in such a cohesive manner, might be able to finally turn the tide in 1964.

Sincerely yours,

Samuel L. Blumenfeld  
Chairman  
American Friends of Katanga  
Room 1012  
175 Fifth Avenue, New York 10, N. Y.

SB/hs

JOHN J. IAGO  
302 FIDELITY BUILDING  
BALTIMORE 1, MD.

October 30, 1961

Mr. Samuel L. Blumenfeld  
American Friends of Katanga  
Room 1012 - 175 Fifth Avenue  
New York 10, N.Y.

Dear Mr. Blumenfeld:

A copy of the announcement, issued over your signature, of the formation of your group has been passed along to the undersigned and has been noted with much interest.

It occurs to me that, in connection with the undertaking described in your announcement, you or some of your associates may possibly find something of interest to you in an article that appeared in the October 14 issue of the Baltimore Sun. I attach herewith tear sheets containing that article. I refer to the item beginning on page 28 under the headlines "Missionary From Baltimore Lashes U.N. Katanga Policy".

I don't know for a certainty but I am assuming that this article probably appeared only in the Sun and that it might not come to your attention unless somebody undertook to send you a copy of it.

If the enclosure proves of any interest, you are more than welcome to it. If not, please excuse me for bothering you with it.

Very truly yours,



JJI:MTH

R 14, 1961

# Missionary From Baltimore Lashes U.N. Katanga Policy

A former Baltimore Methodist minister, now a missionary living in Elisabethville, Katanga, has accused the United Nations of "destroying a prosperous young country" and United Nations troops of "Gestapo-like tactics."

The minister, the Rev. Kenneth Jones, former pastor of St. Luke's Church, Woodlawn, also urged recognition of the Congo's break-away province as an independent state.

Mr. Jones, a native Baltimorean and graduate of Yale University and Divinity School, made his charges in a letter to the Rev. Dr. F. Norman Van Brunt, of St. Mark's Methodist Church, Liberty Heights avenue.

## Mailed By Red Cross

The letter, dramatically describing life in the embattled city for the missionary, his wife and their three sons, was carried out of Elisabethville by the Red Cross and mailed from Northern Rhodesia.

Mr. Jones, a missionary since 1956, wrote:

"At this writing (September 20) we are still well and safe. We have six bullet holes in our house but this only indicates the thousands of rounds of wild, in-the-air

shooting that is going on around here, as well as street fighting.

"Troopers have been firing from the gutter in front of our house, and armored cars burst round after round of heavy machine gun shells into the air while our children watch and say 'pow, pow, pow.'

## Food Reported Scarce

"So far our water hasn't been cut off, but electric service is on-again off-again as repairs are made to lines damaged by gunshot. At the moment it is off.

"Food is getting scarce. Yesterday we received permission to raid the pantry of the three lady missionaries who happened to be in Rhodesia when the war started. We found butter, meat, canned vegetables, some puddings and cake mixes and some other things. "We live about 1.3 miles from the Post Office at the center of town, and about every two days, at least, we 'run the gunfire' to get into town to report to the Bishop and try to get bread or powdered milk. Some stores are still trying to keep open, but about three times a day a new battle takes place at the Post Office and everyone has to take cover.

"The United Nations has started all this scandalous mess—  
(Continued, Page 17, Column 1)

POLICE NURSES

TWO WOMEN DUE

# Missionary From Baltimore Lashes U.N. Katanga Policy

(Continued from Page 28)

destroying a prosperous young country where black and white were working and living together. All the neighborhoods in Elisabethville have been peacefully integrated for a year now. The entire population is so mad at the United Nations that the white civilians are shooting at United Nations vehicles that pass in the streets, so bullets fly anywhere, any time.

"The Security Council resolution for the unity of Congo doesn't take into account that the Katanga under (Moise) Tshombe had created a peaceful, prosperous economy, and that they have as much right to their independence as any other people in the world.

"They broke away from the Congo because they didn't want to see the Katanga wealth fall into the hands of the Communist-leaning (Antoine) Gizenga crowd. To force the Katanga back into the Congo will do just that. We feel that the United Nations must re-examine the whole question.

"Eyewitnesses have seen the Indian United Nations troops shoot down Katanga soldiers with their hands raised in surrender. They have thrown Katanga troops off the top of the Post Office building. They have fired on civilians. They have carried ammunition in trucks carrying Red Cross flags. Their every tactic has been Gestapo-like, and contrary to the usual conventions of war.

## Family Held As Hostage

"When a white woman was arrested by the Katanga police, her husband led a United Nations armored car to the home of the police commissioner (an African) who lives across the street from us and at gun point kidnaped the whole family and took them away in order to hold them as hostages for the return of the white woman.

"You should have witnessed the crying woman, carrying her infant by one arm and trying to gather up five more little ones to be hauled away. Sure enough, they released them the next day, but what a nightmare—and what uncalled-for cruelty.

"We are all so ashamed of the United Nations behavior. Edlea (Mrs. Jones) wants me to give blood for the wounded Katangese soldiers, but if my blood is no

stronger than my stomach is at present it wouldn't do them any good.

## Fear For Children

"No one is thinking of evacuating because those who have tried have been badly beaten by angry village mobs.

"We are having our children (aged 2, 7 and 9) sleep in the center hall of the house so that they have two walls to protect them against machine gun bullets. We slept on the floor one night but have mustered enough courage to get back in our bed.

"One neighbor was shot in the back as he tried to find out why his car stalled. He is in critical condition in a hospital, and they will not let his wife visit him. Another neighbor was shot in both hands as he drove his car. The Katangese are eliminating all the United Nations vehicles, one by one. The United Nations is really losing the war here.

"In our view, the United Nations would do much better to recognize Katanga, then post itself on the Congo border to prevent the Congo troops from entering to start a real war."

## No Missionary Work

The war-weary minister concluded his letter by saying:

"Just incidentally, we are not getting any missionary work done for the moment."

Mr. Jones returned to the United States on leave in 1960, shortly after Belgium granted independence to the Congo.

## Defended Belgians

He defended Belgian colonial policy in a talk at the Enoch Pratt Free Library, and said it was based on the premise that Congo belonged to the Congolese. He cited the apartheid policy in South Africa as a "frightful, terrible mistake."

The Belgians, however, he said, had provided extensive medical and housing facilities and had begun to train natives in technical skills, when strong anticolonial sentiment, both foreign and domestic, forced them to grant independence prematurely.

It was the Congo Army which, "by prearrangement, destroyed public order," he said. The army was infiltrated by Communists who triggered the revolt, he said.

# Y A C A

## *Young Americans for Conservative Action*

Affiliated with National Young Americans for Freedom, Inc.

Riverside, California  
November 20, 1961

AMERICAN FRIENDS OF KATANGA  
Room 1012, 175 Fifth Avenue  
New York 10, N.Y.

Dear "Friends":

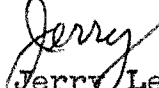
Our group has followed the events in the Congo with shock, anger, and disgust. The actions of the United Nations there have been fully destructive in their twisted irony. And in this country it seems that the only voice in Washington to speak out against this travesty has been that of Senator Thomas J. Dodd.

We have been concerned during the past dozen or so months about the Congo situation, but we have not known what we could do. It is very heartening to us all that the AMERICAN FRIENDS OF KATANGA has been formed.

Please send us information about your group and let us know in what way we can help.

Long live Katanga!  
Long live America!  
Long live Freedom!

Sincerely,

  
Jerry Lee Martin  
President, Y.A.C.A.  
6676 Lassen Court  
Riverside, California

345 ✓

# Les Amitiés Katangaises a.s.b.l.

57, rue de la Madeleine

Bruxelles 1

TÉL. ~~11.61.03~~ 12 32 52

November 22, 1961.

## AMERICAN FRIENDS OF KATANGA

Room 1012

175 Fifth Avenue

NEW YORK 10. - N.Y.

U.S.A.

Gentlemen,

We learned through the press and some of our American friends, about the setting up of your very interesting group.

The news is of the utmost importance to us as for similar reasons as yours, we already established here some time ago a similar organization known as "Les Amitiés Katangaises", and of which the committee is composed as follows :

President: - Paul LALOY -  
Secretary: - Edouard MENDIAUX  
Treasurer: - Marcel TIMMERMANS  
Administrators: - Bernard MUNONGO  
- Gaspar MWEPU.

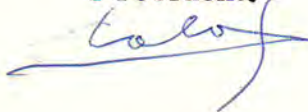
Through its already operating contacts in Katanga, here in Belgium and elsewhere in the world, our group has been able to collect and distribute a very interesting and exclusive material of information.

Hoping to quickly establish with you an effective and fruitful cooperation in all needed fields, we take the liberty of sending you, herewith, a first set of documents of which we fully guarantee the bearing and that you may feel absolutely free to use, reproduce or distribute as you will, under our responsibility or even your own if you prefer.

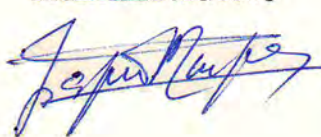
Looking forward to hearing soon from you, we remain  
in the meantime

yours faithfully,

P. Laloy  
President.



G. Mwepu  
Administrator.



M. Timmermans  
Treasurer.





**SOUTHERN ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY**

**Southwestern Illinois Campus**

SOCIAL SCIENCES DIVISION

Alton, Illinois  
Howard 2-0001

1 December 1961

American Friends of Katanga  
Room 1012  
175 Fifth Avenue  
New York 10, N. Y.

CONFIDENTIAL

Dear Sirs:

I notice your advertisement in the classified section of National Review for 2 December.

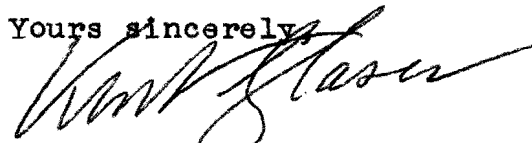
Would you please put me on your mailing list?  
Enclosed is a letter which was printed in the Alton Evening Telegraph yesterday, 1 December.

It so happens that I have quite a number of outside speaking engagements, and can use good materials.

A matter which quite interests me, and on which I am anxious to get further documentation is contained in an article in La Nation Francaise of 1 November 1961. This article, by Prof. Marcel de Corte and entitled "Une entreprise américaine," says that the brother of the late Dag Hammarskjöld is administrator of one of the largest copper companies in the world, which stands to benefit if Katanga falls and the Leopoldville government should annul the franchise of the Union Minière. Then the article goes on to say that Mr. Adlai Stevenson, before becoming US delegate to the United Nations, was president of the Tempelsman company which deals in industrial diamonds. According to the article, the Tempelsman people are making arrangements to purchase the entire diamond production of the Congo from the Leopoldville government.

For reasons which you can appreciate, I do not feel that I should use this information in my lectures to students or otherwise without having some documentation providing solid proof of its accuracy. I wonder, therefore, if your office can throw any light on this subject?

Yours sincerely,



Kurt Glaser  
Associate Professor of Government

1 attachment

9 December 1961

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

Professor Kurt Glaser  
Department of Government  
Social Sciences Division  
Southern Illinois University  
Alton, Illinois

Dear Professor Glaser:

We wish to thank you for your letter of 1st December which contained a clipping of a letter which you had written to the Alton Evening Telegraph. We certainly are in accord with your sentiments as expressed in that published letter.

We have received information about the alleged involvement of the late Mr. Hammarskjöld's brother and Mr. Stevenson in certain business transactions similar to the indications contained in your letter. Unfortunately our information so far is also from secondary sources, although we are attempting to make inquiries about the matter in certain quarters.

If we are able to turn up anything more substantial, we shall communicate with you. If this information is, in fact, accurate, it might be a potent weapon on our side. In this connection, you might write to Mr. A. J. Dens, Post Office Box No 1443, Harlingen, Texas, who also seems interested in this problem. Whether he has any more information than you do, we cannot say. Mr. Dens has not identified himself fully to us, but we assume from his handwriting and from the faulty English of his letter, that he is of European, perhaps Belgian, origin. I am sorry that we cannot offer you more help than this just now. We are having a terrific struggle to get our organization off the ground, and so far have not turned up any results in this interesting facet of our work. We hope that, should you find anything definite, you will let us know.

Sincerely yours,

AMERICAN FRIENDS OF KATANGA

John S. Swart  
Executive Secretary

JSS/ek

Dear Prof. Glaser:

Thank you for your letter of December 1 and the clipping.

I am aware of the two stories concerning Hammerskjöld's brother and Stevenson's connection with the Tempelsman firm. However I only know of ~~this~~ through secondary sources, and so cannot provide you with any more assurance of ~~their~~ authenticity than you have already. The Stevenson story seems to have had its ~~original~~ first appearance in print in a Belgian publication. ~~More than that~~ I read the article and was somewhat suspicious of the passages ~~quoting~~ quoted from a brochure in English supposedly put out by the Tempelsman firm. The English did not seem fluent. ~~moreover~~

Somehow I do not feel that either story provides a satisfactory explanation of the motives behind Messrs. Hammerskjöld and Stevenson's actions in the UN. After all, even if the Tempelsman firm or ~~the~~ "one of the" largest copper companies in the world were able to obtain exclusive franchises in a Congo-governed Katanga, ~~it would~~ they would scarcely be able to do business very long under a communist ~~dominated~~ regime

# Oaths vs. Death

While leaving to John Boland the task of replying to A. E. Kuenzli's query as to his source materials on the Congo I would point out that Mr. Boland's position is entirely supported by Sen. Thomas J. Dodd (Democrat, Conn.), whose informative 30-page pamphlet, "The Crisis in the Congo," can be had free on request to the Senator.

Substantially the same information is contained in recent articles in "US News & World Report" and "National Review."

It is true that Communist diplomats retreated temporarily from Leopoldville to Stanleyville during the Kasavubu-Lumumba struggle. The United Nations, however, did nothing to stop the flow of Communist arms and agents to Lumumba's heir-apparent, Gizenga, at Stanleyville, who instituted a reign of terror against anti-Communists in Oriental province.

Furthermore, as Sen. Dodd points out, the U.N. "did everything in its power to prevent and restrain President Kasavubu from reasserting the authority of the Central Government over Oriental Province."

As the result of machinations which are too complex to describe here, President Kasavubu was forced to accept a "United Front" government with the "neutralist" Adoula as prime minister and the cadre Communist Gizenga as Vice Premier. The minister of the interior, who holds complete control over the police, is Christophe Ghenye, a Prague-trained Communist.

This is the Moscow formula for preparing a country for a communist take over as explained by Georgi Dimitrov at the 1937 Comintern Congress.

Katanga is the one part of the Congo where there is law and order. Yet the United Nations, acting on the theory that it is wrong for Europeans and Africans to cooperate without U.N. permission, is insisting on smashing the Katanga government, leaving that province in the hands of Leopoldville's "administrator" Bocheley-Davidson, a Gizenga lieutenant.

Sen. Dodd writes: "I have information from a private and highly reliable source, who knows Bocheley-Davidson, that Bocheley-Davidson is, in fact, an agent of the Soviet secret police."

As for Soviet "attacks" against the U.N., neither Mr. Kuenzli nor

us to think we got a good bargain in U Thant, and to continue mouthing the vapid chant that the U.N. is "mankind's best and last hope for peace."

It should be remembered that United States citizens who join the U.N. secretariat must take an oath to serve the interests of the United Nations ahead of the United States. A proportionate share of jobs is held by nationals of communist countries who, if they wish to stay alive after returning home, will serve their communist masters — oath or no oath.

It is utterly fantastic to expect such an organization ever to be an effective guard of true peace or freedom.

MURT GLASER

805 Airline Dr.

East Alton

\* \* \* \*

## Pro Pols' Belief

As long as there are organizations dedicated to overthrowing our American form of government, I shall continue to criticize and expose them.

It is inconceivable that those who are supposed to be dedicated to the principles of our American form of government could advocate the abolition of elective offices and other than full representation of the people in our government.

Surely these people are not so naive as to believe Altonians think that directives are not imposed and carried out by these promoter organizations.

Politically inspired elite intellectuals are not professional politicians. Professional politicians believe in representative government. Professional politicians do not attempt to replace our representative form of with a centralized council-manager form. We, the people gratefully accept the blessing of having "professional politicians". We know they are the check and balance of our republic.

Yep! More professional politicians and less politically inspired elite intellectuals would eliminate present-day headaches without the consumption of aspirins.

MARGARET TROY, President  
Madison County Taxpayers Assn.

## Forum Writers, Note

Writers names and addresses must be published

Samedi, le 9 décembre 1961

A Son Excellence M. J.-B. Kibwe  
Le Ministre des Finances  
Services de la Présidence  
B. P. N° 748, Elisabethville  
Etat du Katanga (via Bruxelles)

Estimé Monsieur Kibwe:

Nous voudrions vous remercier gracieusement de nous avoir remis votre lettre, N° 10.3/02407 sous date du 3 novembre 1961, dans laquelle vous avez exprimé l'encouragement de Son Excellence, Le Président de l'Etat du Katanga, M. Moïse Tshombe, qui était, à ce temps-là, en voyage, vis-à-vis notre association. Nous nous dévotons, comme vous le savez, au but de renverser la politique actuelle du Gouvernement des Etats-Unis envers le Katanga, laquelle nous considérons aussi désastreuse pour notre pays que pour le vôtre.

Nous voudrions que vous sachiez, surtout en ces jours difficiles, que parmi le peuple américain, des amis vraisemblables et nombreux ne vous manquent point. N'importe la conclusion éventuelle du crise du moment, vos amis en Amérique n'oublieront jamais que vous autres Katangais, vous vous êtes placés définitivement à côté du Droit. Votre Nom restera toujours honoré dès cette lutte juste que vous êtes en train de conduire contre les forces du Mal.

En vous remerciant encore une fois de tous vos bons voeux, nous osons imiter les mots de votre grand Président: QUE DIEU PROTEGE LE KATANGA INDEPENDANT!

Veuillez accepter, Monsieur, l'expression de notre plus haute considération.

AMERICAN FRIENDS OF KATANGA

Samuel L. Blumenfeld  
Chairman

John S. Swart  
Executive Secretary

ETAT DU KATANGA

Services de la Présidence  
B. P. 748

Elisabethville, le.....-3. NOV. 1961

10.3/ 0240

A Monsieur Samuel BLUMENFELD,  
Chairman of the Organizing Committee  
AMERICAN FRIENDS OF KATANGA

Room IOI2  
175, Fifth Avenue

New-York ( N.Y. )

Cher Monsieur Blumenfeld,

Je vous remercie vivement de m'avoir fait parvenir la documentation relative à l'association des Amis du Katanga.

L'objectif poursuivi par cette association est hautement louable.

Je forme les meilleurs vœux pour que votre association se développe le plus rapidement possible et que son action puisse influencer l'opinion publique de votre pays.

Je serai toujours heureux d'avoir des nouvelles de votre association.

En vous remerciant de ce que vous ferez pour que le Katanga soit mieux compris dans votre pays, je vous prie de croire, Cher Monsieur Blumenfeld, à toute ma considération.

Pour LE PRESIDENT DE L'ETAT DU KATANGA.  
en voyage,

LE MINISTRE DES FINANCES  
J-B. KIBWE

TRANSLATIONS (for files)

State of Katanga, Services of the Presidency, B.P. 748, Elisabethville  
3 November 1961, Ref 10.3/02407 - to Mr. Samuel Blumenfeld, Chairman  
of the Organizing Committee, AMERICAN FRIENDS OF KATANGA, Room 1012,  
175 Fifth Avenue, New York

Dear Mr. Blumenfeld: I thank you kindly for having sent me information about the formation of the Friends of Katanga. § The objective pursued by this organization is highly laudable. § I express my best wishes that your organization will develop as rapidly as possible and that its action will be able to influence public opinion in your country. § I shall always be glad to have news of your organization. § Thanking you for what you will do to make the Katanga better understood in your country, I am Sincerely yours, (For the President of the State of Katanga, en voyage, The Minister of Finance, J.-B. KIBWE.

+ + + +

AMERICAN FRIENDS OF KATANGA, New York, 3 December 1961 - to Monsieur KIBWE, Minister of Finance, Elisabethville, address as above.

Esteemed Mr. KIBWE: We should like to thank you graciously for having sent us your letter, N° 10.3/024\$7 under date of 3 November 1961, in which you expressed the encouragement of His Excellency, the President of the State of Katanga, Mr. Moise Tshombe, who was at that time, travelling, about our organization. We are devoting ourselves, as you know, to the goal of reversing the current policy of the Government of the United States toward the Katanga, which (policy) we consider equally disastrous for our country and for yours. § We should like you to know, especially in these difficult days, that among the American people, you are not lacking numerous true friends. Whatever the eventual conclusion of the crisis of the moment, your friends in American will never forget that you Katangans have taken your stand clearly on the side of Right. Your Name shall remain honored (forward in time) from this just struggle which you are engaged in against the forces of Evil.

Thanking you once more for all your good wishes, we make bold to repeat the words of your great President: MAY GOD PROTECT AN INDEPENDENT KATANGA! § Sincerely yours, AFK, signed Samuel L. Blumenfeld and John S. Swart.

ETAT DU KATANGA



Cabinet du Président

B.P. 748

ELISABETHVILLE

N° IO3/2407

21  
9/15



R

N° 234

ELISABETHVILLE |  
ELISABETHSTAD |

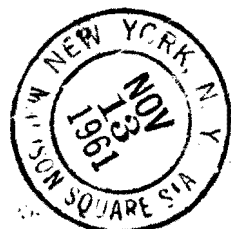
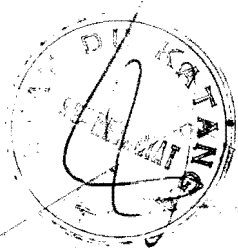


*not in del. house  
notice put  
11/13/61*

A Monsieur Samuel BLUMENFELD  
Chairman of the Organizing Committee  
AMERICAN FRIENDS OF KATANGA

Room IOI2  
175, Fifth Avenue

NOV 13 1961  
**FIRST NOTICE** New-York (N.Y.)





# AMERICAN FRIENDS OF KATANGA

ROOM 1012 • 175 FIFTH AVENUE • NEW YORK 10, N. Y.

*Organizing  
Committee:*

SAMUEL L. BLUMENFELD  
Chairman  
WATSON WARMBURN  
NEIL MCCAFFREY  
REV. CHARLES E. PONT  
CLIFFORD FORSTER

December 15, 1961

To His Excellency, President Moise TSHOMBE:

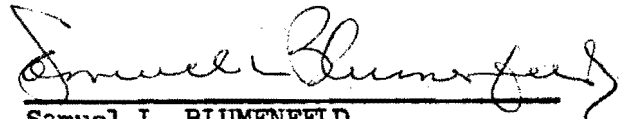
The AMERICAN FRIENDS OF KATANGA are honored to present this  
Citation to His Excellency, the President of Katanga, Moise TSHOMBE:

In Recognition of his Achievements as

A CHAMPION OF FREEDOM  
A COURAGEOUS FIGHTER OF COMMUNISM  
A BENEFACTOR TO HIS PEOPLE  
A DEFENDER OF WESTERN IDEALS AND PRINCIPLES  
A PROMOTOR OF GOOD RELATIONS BETWEEN THE RACES.

We, the American Friends of Katanga, an organization of American citizens from every corner of the United States, are dedicating ourselves to reconstructing good relations between the people of Katanga and America. It is our fervent hope that independent Katanga will grow and prosper and that its moral and industrious fiber will prove an example to all the peoples of the world.

Respectfully submitted in the name of the American Friends of  
Katanga,



Samuel L. BLUMENFELD  
Chairman

17 January 1962

Sam P. Copeland, M. D.  
Post Office Box #696  
Silsbee, Texas

Dear Dr. Copeland:

We should like to thank you for your contribution to our effort to effect a return to some degree of common sense and decency in United States policy toward the Katanga. You will be glad to learn that the response to our announcements in NATIONAL REVIEW, the MANION FORUM NEWSLETTER and elsewhere has been extremely large.

Essential to our effectiveness will be the establishment of a good network of communications with the hundreds of persons, such as yourself, who have expressed support of our objectives. The first step in the establishment of communications will be the forthcoming publication of the first issue of our newsletter which will be mailed to the entire membership and to many other persons in strategic positions. It will contain much more specific and detailed information than I can give you here. We hope you will watch for it.

Meantime, we are asking everyone to do what he can to make our existence more widely known, to urge people to write to us, to support us, and whenever possible, to contribute to our working fund.

Very truly yours,

AMERICAN FRIENDS OF KATANGA

John S. Swart  
Executive Secretary

JSS/ek  
Enclosures 345 Drs

P O Box 696  
Silsbee, Texas  
1-1-62

I saw your ad in National Review.

What are you doing about it?

Donation enclosed. — \$10.

Please send me any details if I  
can help.

Yours truly,

*Sam Copeland*  
Sam P. Copeland, M. D.

from the desk of \_\_\_\_\_

SAM P. COPELAND

TELEPHONE:  
NORTH CERNEY 371.

CERNEY HOUSE,  
NORTH CERNEY,  
GLOUCESTERSHIRE.

22nd January, 1962.

Dear Mr. Blumenfeld,

Thank you for your enquiry in connection with the Nassau Conference to be held from February 15th - 20th, the Agenda of which is enclosed.

The cost of a ticket is \$350, which is now payable. Cheques should be made out to The Grantmesnil Trust Regd.

As the Conference will be held during the height of the Nassau season it is essential to reserve your hotel rooms as soon as possible.

Yours sincerely,



Secretary to Kenneth de Courcy

Mr. Samuel L. Blumenfeld,  
Chairman,  
American Friends of Katanga,  
175 Fifth Avenue,  
New York 10.

Cerney House,  
North Cerney,  
Gloucestershire,  
England.

January 12th, 1962.

Dear Sir,

Nassau Conference

I beg to enclose the Agenda for the above Conference. I regret that this may reach you later than I wished owing to the Postal work to rule strike in the U.K.

The subject papers will be available at the beginning of each meeting.

Yours faithfully,

KENNETH de COURCY.

NASSAU CONFERENCE: AGENDA. Feb 15-20, 1962

The Meetings will be held at The British Colonial Hotel in a conference room which will be marked in the name of Kenneth de Courcy.

At each session a paper will be presented which will be the composite work of all available informants. A copy of each paper will be available for everyone. These papers will be discussed by the conference as a whole and not merely by a speaker to whom questions are put. The objective is a working conference.

February 15th.

10 a.m. to 12.30.                      The present situation

2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.              How it occurred

February 16th.

10 a.m. to 12.30.                      The strategic essentials

2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.              The political essentials

February 17th.

10 a.m. to 12.30.                      The Soviet methods used to stop achievement of the strategic and political essentials

2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.              Counter measures

February 18th.

2.30 p.m.                                The religious aspect

February 19th.

10 a.m. to 12.30                        The need to decide what Conservatism is

2.30 p.m. to 4.30                        Conservative disunity

February 20th.

10 a.m. to 12.30                        Economic warfare

2.30 p.m. to 4.30                        Final prospects and the September Conference plans

BY AIR MAIL  
PAR AVION



Mr. Samuel L. Blumenfeld,  
Chairman,  
American Friends of Katanga,  
Room 1012,  
175 Fifth Avenue,  
New York 10,  
U.S.A.



# AMERICAN FRIENDS OF KATANGA

ROOM 1012 • 175 FIFTH AVENUE • NEW YORK 10, N. Y.

*Organizing  
Committee:*

SAMUEL L. BLUMENFELD  
*Chairman*  
WATSON WASHBURN  
NEIL MCCAFFREY  
REV. CHARLES E. FORT  
CLIFFORD FORSTER

February 22, 1962

Dear Sir:

President Moise Tshombe of Katanga is being barred from entry into the United States by our State Department. This arbitrary act on the part of the Administration is at once a slap in the face of a great African leader who in every way has tried to be our friend; it is also an affront to the American citizens who invited him to this country.

While we have allowed Khrushchev, Kadar, Castro, Robert Holden and Messrs. Chanderli and Yazid -- all Communist dictators or terrorists -- entry to our country, we deny entry to a pro-Western leader who shares our basic ideals, and we humiliate him before his people. The people of Katanga, who provided us with the materials necessary to build the atomic bomb and therefore enabled us to save many American lives, will not easily forget this insult to their President.

As American citizens, we demand that the State Department place no obstacle in the way of Pres. Tshombe's entry to the United States. We call upon you as a representative of the voter to bring the necessary pressure upon the Administration to cease and desist in their attempts to prevent the American people from hearing what Pres. Tshombe has to say.

The cause of our country will not be served by this undemocratic action, so base and unworthy of our traditions.

Sincerely yours,



Samuel L. Blumenfeld  
Chairman



# La KATANGAISE

## Hymne National du Katanga.

Martiale M = 136

Musique de S.E. Joseph Kiwele,  
Ministre de l'Éducation Nationale.



1 Al—lons, Al—lons, Mar—chons, Ka—tan—gais Va—leu—reux. Le so—leil s'est le—  
-vè sur le sol des ai—eux. Vieil—le terre an—ces—tra—le du ciel aux pro—fon—deurs. Tu  
re—vis o—pu—len—te à l'ap—pel du bon—heur. En—fants du Ka—tan—ga, En—fants du  
Ka—tan—ga, Dè—fen—dez—le jus—qu'à la mort. Ren—dez—le  
fier, Ren—dez—le fort, A—vec vos bras et vo—tre sang, A—vec vos dents.

**2**  
**A**llons, Allons, Marchons,  
Katangais valeureux,  
L'ennemi destructeur, tel un lion furieux,  
Rode sur nos frontières  
Votre valeur guerrière  
Maintienne hors du pays la fatal(e) oppression.

Enfants du Katanga (bis)  
Défendez-le jusqu'à la mort,  
Rendez-le fier, rendez-le fort,  
Avec vos bras et votre sang,  
Avec vos dents.

**3**  
**A**llons, Allons, Marchons,  
Katangais valeureux,  
Notre bannière au vent, symbole pour tous ceux,  
Que ses riches croixettes  
Et sa verte jeunesse  
Sa rouge force aussi soulèvent d'allégresse.

Enfants du Katanga (bis)  
Défendez-le jusqu'à la mort,  
Rendez-le fier, rendez-le fort,  
Avec vos bras et votre sang,  
Avec vos dents.

